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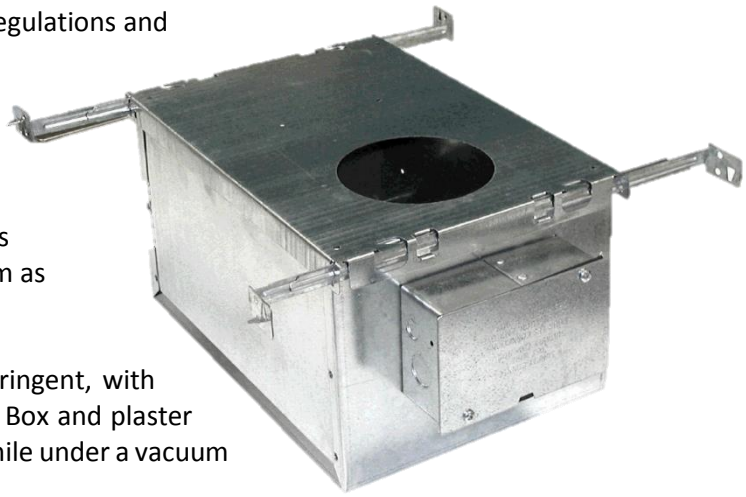
New Product Bulletin – Renaming our I.C.Boxes range

Airtight I.C. Boxes & Ultra Airtight I.C. Boxes – What's the difference?

When Tripar introduced its "Airtight IC Boxes" in 2002, regulations and standards were different from what they are today.



In 2002, Tripar introduced a line of IC Boxes with reduced airflow that were its most airtight, with tight overlapping corner joints, and an integral gasketed junction box also containing sealed knockouts. This complied with standards at that time, and so named them as "Airtight"; a common practice in the lighting industry.

Over the years, fire and energy codes became more stringent, with some requiring the complete luminaire, including the IC Box and plaster frame assembly to allow no more than 2 cfm of airflow while under a vacuum of 1.57lbs/ft^2.

To meet this requirement Tripar developed a modified line of its airtight boxes, whereby the internal joints are all sealed with a caulking, and the inside perimeter of the plaster frame that makes contact with the box is gasketed. When we introduced these in 2011, we coined the name Ultra Airtight I.C. Box, which is to be used with our Ultra Airtight Plaster Frames.

To avoid confusion, we are renaming these products to be more in keeping with their function as follows:

	Previous Name	New Name
Ultra Airtight Line	Ultra Airtight I.C. Box → **No Change**	Ultra Airtight I.C. Box
	Ultra Airtight Plaster Frame → **No Change**	Ultra Airtight Plaster Frame
Reduced Airflow line	Airtight I.C. Box →	Reduced Airflow I.C. Box
	Airtight Plaster Frame →	Reduced Airflow Plaster Frame

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